

Vidhyayana - ISSN 2454-8596

An International Multidisciplinary Peer-Reviewed E-Journal

www.vidhyayanaejournal.org

Indexed in: Crossref, ROAD & Google Scholar

19



SMT. J. A. PATEL MAHILA SCIENCE COLLEGE MORBI **GUIDED BY:**

PRESENTED BY:

NENCY PATEL, RISTA ANDARPA TULSI PATEL, MOHINI BHATASANA DR. DEEP BHADJA

PRO. AARTI RANKJA, PRO, NIKUNJ MERJA

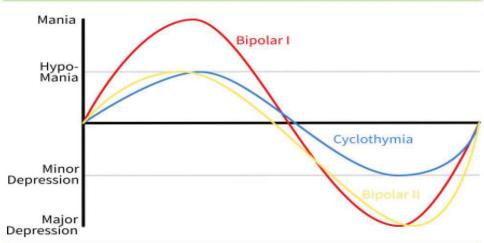
BIPOLAR DISORDER

INTRODUCTION

- Mood disorder are among the most frequent psychiatric illnesses both in the community and in psychiatric settings.
- Patients commonly present with features of either mania or depression and sometimes both.
- These disorder virtually always result in impaired interpersonal social and occupational functioning
- In a review of studies prior to 1990 the peak age of onset of bipolar disorder was between 15 and 19 year old.

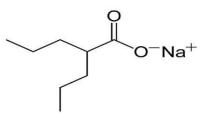
SYMPTOMS

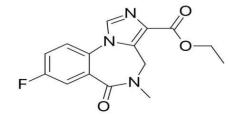
- overexcited state is called a manic episode, and a People with bipolar disorder experience unusually intense emotional states that occurs in distinct periods called "mood episode" an overly joyful or n extremely sad or hopeless state is called a depressive episode.
- Sometimes, a mood episode includes symptoms of both mania and depression. This is called a Mixed state.



TREATMENT

- **Mood stabilizer**
 - **Valproate** Carbamazepine Lamotrigine Lithium
- **Antidepressive**
- Benzodiazepines
- **Antipsychotic**
- (ECT) Electroconvulsive therapy

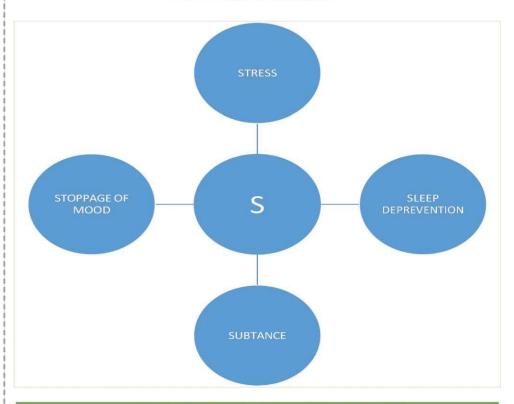




VOLPORATE

BENZODIAZEPINES ACID

CARBOMAZEPHINE



SIDE EFECT OF MEDICINE

- Vomiting
- Dizziness
- **Tremors**
- Headaches

Volume 9, Special Issue 2, March 2024

A Virtual Conference in Amrit Kaal on "Viksit Bharat@2047"

Page No. 27