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# Formulation and Characterization of Thermostable Nanostructured Lipid Nanocarrier for mRNA vaccine Delivery

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#### Introduction

- mRNA-based vaccines become alternatives for the quick and cost-effective production to address a growing number of infectious disease including cancer immune therapies.
- The fragile molecule mRNA, should be protected against extracellular degradation for increasing the effectiveness of the vaccine.
- Lipid Nanoparticles (LNPs) are most clinically advanced non-viral vectors that used in targeted intracellular delivery of mRNA.

# **Objectives**

- Synthesis of soya lecithin nanoliposomes encapsulated mRNA.
- Physico chemical characterization of formulated lecithin-mRNA nanoliposomes.

## **Methods**

- Preparation of soya lecithin nanoliposomes encapsulated mRNA.
- Determination of Size, charge, zeta potential measurements of nanoliposome.
- Drug release study and determination of stability of nanoliposome at different pH and temperature.
- Encapsulation efficiency of RNA and serum stability of nanoliposome encapsulated mRNA.

## **Results and Discussion**



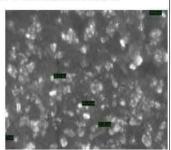


Fig 1. Primary Screening of Liposome under light microscope.

185.15±136.96nm

Fig.2. Morphology of the liposome was investigated by SEM (Scanning electron microscope).

88.11±34.88nm

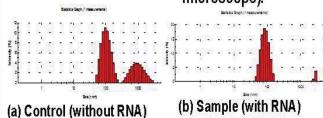
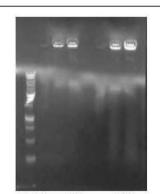
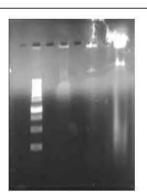


Fig.3. From the DLS (Dynamic light scattering) study, the hydrodynamic diameter of the synthesized liposome (a) without RNA and (b) with RNA was found to be 185.15±136.96nm and 88.11±34.88nm respectively.

Time (Hours)	Cumulative drug release(%)	90 <b>¶</b>					
0	7.9				100000	•	
1	14.7	უნ 70 • ენ 60 •		-			
3	22.7	\$ 50 ·					
6	36.1	Cumulative % of drug 20 20 30 10					
12	47.5	20					
21	59.7	ā 10 🚣				_	
48	68.3	0	20	40	60	80	
72	76.7						
			Time (Hours)				

Fig.5. Invitro drug release study of synthesized lecithin nanoliposomes encapsulated mRNA.





6.(a). at 0hr and 6hr 6.(b). at 24hr Fig.6.Serum stability of nanoliposome encapsulated RNA was monitored at different time interval (0hr, 6hr and 24hr).

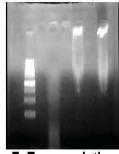


Fig. 7. Encapsulation efficiency of RNAs in soya lecithin nanoliposomes will be monitored by gel retardation assay of RNA.

#### Conclusion

The result shows the interaction between nanoliposome and mRNA that support the mRNA-vaccine technology.

•lipid Nanocarrier for mRNA vaccine delivery could significantly improve distribution of current and future pandemic response vaccines, in low- resource areas.

### References

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